

What else

TO DO?

01

Pay attention to any changes in your flock, such as decreased appetite and egg production, discharge from the nose and mouth, diarrhea, or sudden death and high mortality.

02

Separate:

- Sick from healthy birds.
- By type: chicken, duck, geese, turkey, etc.

03

Always wash hands before and after handling your poultry.

04

If possible, have dedicated footwear to enter the chicken coop and have a footbath.

05

Bury dead birds and cover with white lime to avoid scavengers.

06

Keep records:

- New purchases
- Dead animals
- Feed purchased
- Visitors
- etc.

07

Have a control program for rats or unwanted animals



Get in Touch
Contact Us

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 824-4872 or 302-1388

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Keep your birds safe!

Poultry
BIOSECURITY

What is **Biosecurity**

Practices and control measures to prevent the entry and spread of diseases in your poultry farm.

Follow these three important principles to safeguard yourself and your animals from deadly diseases such as HPAI and Newcastle Disease:



Isolation

Install barriers to prevent poultry from going out and being exposed to diseases, people, predators, and parasites. Limit contact with wild birds and quarantine new birds before introducing them to your flock.



Movement Control

Control the entry of vehicles on your farm. Clean and disinfect all vehicles coming onto your farm.



Sanitation

Clean and disinfect all vehicles, tools, and clothing used on the farm, and properly dispose of dead birds.



“**Vaccination
does not
replace
BIOSECURITY.**”



Vaccination

Vaccines are available as an additional measure that helps to prevent diseases that have been detected in the country.

You should only purchase vaccines that are registered by BAHA.

Antibiotics

Antibiotics should only be used if prescribed by a veterinarian and never without evidence of disease.

Antibiotics are not a preventative medications and its misuse can lead to antibiotic resistance.